

LATIN 101
REVIEW SHEET FOR MIDTERM #1
Chapters 1-7

VERBS:

Present Tense: 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 3rd -io, 4th conjugations, all persons.

Rule: present stem + -o -mus
 -s -tis
 -t -unt

Exceptions: a + o => o
 a + unt or e + unt => -ant or -ent
 C # C => C i C
 i r => e r

Irregular verbs: *sum, possum; eo, exeo, redeo.*

Present Infinitive: (present stem + -re).

Verbs complemented by an infinitive: *cupio, debeo, constituo, iubeo, possum*

NOUNS:

1st, 2nd & 3rd declensions.

Case:

Nominative: subject, complement (*Scintilla fessa est* = “Scintilla is tired.”)

Accusative: direct object (*Scintilla cenam parat* = “Scintilla prepares dinner.”)
with prepositions (motion toward: *ad, in, per*: e.g., *ad casam redeunt*.
“They return to the house.”)

Ablative: with prepositions

motion from: *a/ab, e/ex* (e.g., *e casa exeunt*. “They are going from the house.”)

location: *in* (e.g., *puellae in horto sedent* = “The girls are sitting in the garden.”)

accompaniment: *cum* (e.g., *puellae cum amicis dicunt* = The girls are speaking with (their) friends.”)

Gender: masculine (2nd decl.: -us, -er), feminine (1st decl.: -a), 3rd decl can be masc. or fem.

ADJECTIVES: noun/adjective agreement (adjectives must agree with their nouns in gender, number, and case).

PREPOSITIONS: *ad, in, per; a/ab, e/ex, cum; in*

OTHER GRAMMAR: SV, SOV, & SCV word order.

CULTURE: Roman family, slaves and freed, working in the Roman world, (Roman education, Homer and the *Iliad*)

LATIN 101
VOCABULARY FOR MIDTERM 1
Chapters 1-7

NOUNS:

1st: aqua, casa, cena, fabula, femina, filia, ianua, ira, littera, puella, pugna, terra, via

2nd: ager, amicus, cibus, colonus, filius, hortus, ludus, magister, puer

3rd: canis, comes, frater, pater, princeps, rex

3rd i-stem: navis, urbs

ADJECTIVES:

1st and 2nd declension: alius, anxius, bonus, carus, ceteri (pl. only), fessus, iratus, laetus, magnus, malus, meus, miser, multus, paratus, tuus

3rd declension: fortis, omnis

PRONOUNS: ego, me; tu, te; eum/eam (acc. sg.), eos/eas (acc. pl.); ille/illa (nom. sg.)

VERBS: (plus compound verbs)

1st: ambulat, cenat, clamat, curat, dat, festinat, intrat, iuvat, laborat, laudat, narrat, navigat, oppugnat, parat, portat, pugnat, rogat, salutatur, spectat, vocat

2nd: debet, docet, iacet, iubet, manet, respondet, sedet, videt

3rd: accedit, ascendit, cadit, constituit, currit, defendit, dicit, ducit, emit, ludit, mittit, occidit, ponit, procedit, resistit, scribit, surgit, tradit, vincit

3rd -io: capit, cupit, facit, fugit, iacit

4th: advenit, audit, dormit, venit

irregular: adest, est, potest; exit, it, redit; inquit (just 3rd sing & pl),

ADVERBS: celeriter, diligenter, diu, fortiter, iam, iterum, lente, mox, non, saepe, statim, subito, tandem

CONJUNCTIONS: et, itaque, nam, nec/neque, quod, sed, ubi

PREPOSITIONS: a/ab, ad, cum, e/ex, in, per, prope

INTERROGATIVES: cur, qualis, quantus, quem, quid, quis, quomodo, ubi, nonne, -ne

